

# **POISON**

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN  
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING**

# **MACSPRED TRICHLORAM Herbicide**

**ACTIVE CONSTITUENTS: 300 g/L TRICLOPYR present as the Butoxyethyl Ester  
100 g/L PICLORAM present as Hexyloxypropylamine Salt**

|              |          |                  |
|--------------|----------|------------------|
| <b>GROUP</b> | <b>I</b> | <b>HERBICIDE</b> |
|--------------|----------|------------------|

For control of a range of environmental and noxious woody and herbaceous weeds as specified in the Directions for Use table.

**IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED BOOKLET BEFORE USING THIS PRODCUT  
SHAKE WELL BEFORE USE**

**CONTENTS: 1L – 1000L**

Macspred Pty Ltd  
13 Kennedys Drive, Delacombe, Victoria, 3356  
Ph (03) 5335 8522 Fax (03) 5335 8622

**STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. **DO NOT** store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. **DO NOT** store near feedstuffs, fertilisers or seed.

Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.

If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

**SMALL SPILL MANAGEMENT**

Wear protective equipment (See SAFETY DIRECTIONS). Apply absorbent material such as earth, sand, clay granules or cat litter to the spill. Sweep up material for disposal when absorption is completed and contain in a refuse vessel for disposal. (See STORAGE AND DISPOSAL section). If necessary, wash the spill area with an alkali detergent and water and absorb as above, the wash liquid for disposal.

**SAFETY DIRECTIONS**

Harmful if swallowed. Will irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When preparing the spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrists, a washable hat, elbow-length chemical resistant gloves and face shield or goggles. If the product is in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

**FIRST AID**

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26.

**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

For further information, refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS), which is available from the supplier.

**NOTICE TO BUYER**

To the extent permitted by law all conditions and warranties and statutory or other rights of action which buyer or any other user may have against Macspred or Seller is hereby excluded. Macspred hereby gives notice to buyer and other users that it will not accept responsibility for any indirect or consequential loss arising from reliance on product information or advice provided by Macspred or on its behalf unless it is established that such information or advice was provided negligently and that the product has been used strictly as directed. Macspred's liability shall in all circumstances be limited to replacement of the product or a refund of the purchase price paid therefore.

APVMA Approval No.: 83470/108328

Batch No.

DOM

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## **Herbicide**

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**DIRECTIONS FOR USE****RESTRAINTS**

**DO NOT** apply to weeds which may be stressed (not actively growing) due to prolonged periods of extreme cold, moisture stress (water-logged or drought affected), poor nutrition, presence of disease, damage or previous herbicide treatment, as reduced levels of control may result.

**DO NOT** spray if rain is likely within one hour or if foliage is wet from rain or dew.

**DO NOT** burn off, cut or clear blackberry or other woody weeds for at least six months after spraying.

**DO NOT** apply by aerial application in wind in excess of 15 km/hr and air temperatures above 35°C.

In areas prone to flooding, treatment should commence after any annual flooding as such areas flooded within 9 months following application may have reduced results.

**1 WOODY WEED SITUATIONS****Table A: High Volume Spraying**

See **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS – APPLICATION** section for application method details.

| <b>AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FORESTS, PASTURES AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY</b> |   |                       |                         |   |
|--|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|---|
| <b>WEEDS CONTROLLED</b>  | <b>WEED GROWTH STAGE</b>                    | <b>STATE</b>          | <b>RATE/ 100L WATER</b> | <b>CRITICAL COMMENTS</b>  |
| African boxthorn   | Less than 2m tall                           | All States            | 500mL                   | Apply when bushes have good leaf cover, growth and <b>no leaf fall</b> .  |
| <i>Angophora</i> spp.  | 1 to 3m tall                                |                       | 350mL                   |   |
| Australian blackthorn  | Less than 2m tall                           |                       | 500mL                   | Apply from late spring to early autumn.   |
| <i>Banksia</i> spp.  | 1 to 3m tall                                |                       | 350mL                   |   |
| Biddy bush (Chinese shrub)<br>(Sifton bush)  | Autumn when actively growing                | ACT and NSW only      | 500mL                   | Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 125mL/100L of water for best results.  |
| Blackberry (in association with: Docks, Ragwort, Smartweed, Thistles)                                    | Late spring to autumn                       | All States except NT  | 350mL OR 500mL          | <b>Use the higher rate on plants that have been damaged by grazing stock or insects and on known difficult to kill blackberry.</b> Where herbicides other than Group I Herbicides have been used, allow two seasons regrowth to occur before respraying with MACSPRED TRICHLORAM HERBICIDE. |
| Blue heliotrope  | Flowering                                   | NSW and Qld only      | 500mL                   | Apply in a minimum spray volume of 1250L/ha.  |
| Brooms: Cape, English, Flax leaf, Montpellier  | Spring to mid-summer prior to pod formation | All States except NT  | 250mL                   | Apply as thorough foliage spray.  |
|  | Autumn to winter                            |                       | 350mL                   |   |
| Camphor laurel   | Less than 2m tall                           | All States            | 500mL                   |   |
|  | Above 2m tall                               |                       |                         |   |
| <i>Casuarina</i> spp.  | 1 to 3m tall                                |                       | 350mL                   |   |
| Chinese apple  | Less than 2m tall                           | Qld and WA only       |                         | Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100mL/100L of water for best results.  |
| Cockspur thorn   | Spring to autumn                            | ACT, NSW and Qld only |                         | Apply as a thorough foliage spray.  |
| Common sensitive plant   | Any time when actively growing              | NT, Qld and WA only   | 200mL                   | To avoid leaves closing during application, spray plants while moving forward. Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100mL/100L of water for best results.   |
| Crofton weed   | Spring to autumn                            | ACT, NSW and Qld only | 350mL                   | Apply as a thorough foliage spray.  |

| AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FORESTS, PASTURES AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY<br>(continued) |  |                       |                  |   |
|--|--|-----------------------|------------------|---|
| WEEDS CONTROLLED   | WEED GROWTH STAGE  | STATE                 | RATE/ 100L WATER | CRITICAL COMMENTS   |
| Eastern cotton bush<br>( <i>Maireana microphylla</i> )   | Spring to autumn   | NSW and Qld only      | 500mL            | Add Uptake Spraying Oil at 500mL/100L of water. Some bushes may require a follow-up spray to control regrowth.  |
| <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.   | Seedling and regrowth from small lignotubers, 1 to 3m tall | All States            | 350mL OR 500mL   | <b>Apply the high rate where difficult to control species of <i>Eucalyptus</i> regrowth is present.</b> Addition of an adjuvant may improve results – contact Macspred Pty Ltd for details. |
| Galenia  | Fresh growth in spring to summer                           | NSW only              | 500mL            | Use 2000L of spray mixture/ha.  |
| Giant bramble  | Spring to autumn   | NT, Qld and WA only   |                  | Penetration of thick clumps may be difficult and respraying may be necessary. Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100mL/100L of water for best results.                          |
| Gorse  | 1 to 1.5m tall   | All States except NT  | 250mL            | Spring and Summer treatment only. Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100mL/100L of water for best results.  |
|  | Over 1.5m tall or autumn treatment                         |                       | 350mL            | Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100mL/100L of water for best results.  |
|  | Winter treatment   |                       | 500mL            | Brownout may not be complete until summer. Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100mL/100L of water for best results.   |
| Groundsel bush<br>( <i>Baccharis halimifolia</i> )   | 1 to 1.5m tall in spring and summer                        | All States except NT  | 250mL            | Apply as a thorough foliar spray.   |
|  | Over 1.5m tall or autumn treatment                         |                       | 350mL            |   |
| Green cestrum  | Late spring to early autumn                                | ACT, NSW and Qld only | 500mL            | One application may give satisfactory control. Any subsequent regrowth and seedlings must be resprayed at approximately 1 metre high.   |
| Hawthorn   | Less than 2m tall  | All States            |                  | Apply from late spring to early autumn.   |
| Horehound  | Pre-flowering  | NSW and Qld only      | 350mL            | Apply as a thorough foliar spray.   |
| Japanese sunflower   |  |                       |                  |   |
| Lantana<br>( <i>Lantana camera</i> )<br>( <i>Lantana montevidensis</i> )   | Up to 1m tall in summer to autumn                          | All States            |                  | Add one of the following adjuvants, when using 350mL rate:<br>Uptake Spraying Oil @ 0.5% v/v.<br>Pulse @ 200mL/100L   |
|  | 1 to 2m tall in summer to autumn                           |                       | 500mL or 750mL   | Thoroughly wet foliage, stems and soil around the base of the plants. Use higher rate on known harder to kill varieties.  |
| Lion tail<br>( <i>Leonatis nepetifolia</i> )   | Pre-flowering  | Qld only              | 200mL            | Apply as a thorough foliar spray. Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100mL/100L of water for best results.  |
| Limebush   | Any time of year with good leaf cover and soil moisture    | NT and Qld only       | 350mL            | Penetration of thick clumps may be difficult and respraying may be required. Addition of an adjuvant may improve results – contact Macspred Pty Ltd for details.                            |

| AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FORESTS, PASTURES AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY<br>(continued) |  |                          |                  |  |
|--|--|--------------------------|------------------|--|
| WEEDS CONTROLLED   | WEED GROWTH STAGE                                | STATE                    | RATE/ 100L WATER | CRITICAL COMMENTS  |
| Manuka   | At flowering                                     | Vic only                 | 500mL            | For optimum results, add Pulse Penetrant at 200mL/100L of spray. Thoroughly wet foliage, stems and soil around the base of the plants.   |
| Mesquite<br>( <i>Prosopis</i> spp.)  | Seedling, full leaf and flowering before podding | NSW, NT, Qld and WA only | 350mL            | <b>DO NOT</b> spray plants bearing pods. Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100mL/100L of water for best results.  |
| <i>Prosopis velutina</i>   |  | Qld only                 | 670mL            |  |
| Mistflower   | Spring to autumn                                 | ACT, NSW and Qld only    |                  | Apply as a thorough foliar spray.  |
| Mother-of-millions   | Flowering  | NSW and Qld only         | 500mL            | Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100mL/100L of water for best results.   |
| Paddy's lucerne  | Active growth                                    | NSW only                 |                  | Plants that have been continually slashed or grazed over many seasons may be difficult to control and regrowth may occur.  |
| Parkinsonia  | Under 2m tall                                    | NT, Qld and WA only      | 350mL            | Add Uptake Spray Oil at 500mL/100L water. Avoid spraying under dry conditions when plants are stressed or bearing pods. Thoroughly wet foliage.  |
| Prickly pear (common)<br>Smooth tree pear  | Active phyllode growth                           | All States               | 500mL            | Apply as a thorough foliage spray. Regrowth may occur, so a follow-up application may be necessary.  |
| Rubber vine<br>(Not infected with rust)  | Up to 1.5m tall at flowering                     | NT, Qld and WA only      | 350mL            | Spray all leaves and stems just to the point of runoff and thoroughly spray the base of the plant. With larger, more dense stands, regrowth may occur. Subsequent control of any regrowth should be done by basal bark spraying. |
|  | Dense stands greater than 1.5m tall at flowering |                          | 500mL            |  |
| Siam weed  | Active growth                                    | Qld and WA only          | 350mL            | Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100mL/100L of water for best results.   |
| Sicklepod  | Up to flowering                                  | NT, Qld and WA only      | 200mL            | <b>DO NOT</b> apply to podding plants. Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100mL/100L of water for best results.  |
| St John's wort   | From flowering to early seed set                 | All States               | 500mL            | Late spring to early summer.   |
| Sweet briar  | Up to 1.5m tall                                  | All States except NT     | 350mL            | Add MACSPRED METMAC 600 HERBICIDE at 10g/100L water to obtain more reliable results with the lower rate of MACSPRED TRICHLORAM HERBICIDE.  |
|  |  |                          | 500mL            | Full leaf to ripe fruit prior to leaf fall. Thorough wetting including the crown is recommended.   |
| Tobacco weed   | Actively growing plants                          | NT, Qld and WA only      | 300mL            | Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100mL/100L of water for best results.   |
| Wattle ( <i>Acacia</i> spp.)<br>(except corkwood wattle)   | 1 to 3m tall                                     | All States               | 350mL            |  |
| Wild rosemary<br>( <i>Cassinia laevis</i> )  | Active growth, 0.5 to 1m tall                    | Qld only                 | 350mL to 500mL   | Use lower rate on seedlings 0.5m tall. Apply as a thorough foliar spray.   |
| Wild tobacco tree  | Spring to autumn up to 2m tall                   | ACT, NSW and Qld only    | 350mL            |  |

**Table B: Aerial Application****See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS – APPLICATION section for application method details.**

| AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, PASTURES AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY |  |  |  |   |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| WEEDS CONTROLLED   | WEED GROWTH CONTROLLED                   | STATE  | RATE/ ha   | CRITICAL COMMENTS   |
| Blackberry   | Summer to autumn                         | NSW, Qld, SA<br>Vic and WA<br>only           | 10L  | Where herbicides other than Group I Herbicides have been used, allow two seasons regrowth to occur before respraying with MACSPRED TRICHLORAM HERBICIDE.<br><b>WARNING:</b> <i>Eucalyptus</i> species up to 4m may be killed if sprayed during this treatment. Mature trees which are 15 to 20m tall may be partially defoliated but are likely to recover. |
| Gorse  |  | Tas only                                     |  | Helicopter application only.  |
| Cockspur thorn, Crofton weed, Lantana, Mistflower  | Late autumn                              | NSW, NT and<br>Qld only<br>(helicopter only) | 1.5L plus 7.5L<br>2,4-D amine<br>(500g/L<br>formulation) | Spray with calibrated equipment using the half overlap opposite pass technique applying a minimum spray volume of 150L/ha.<br><i>Follow up respraying will be required.</i>   |
| Lantana  |  |  | 10L  | Helicopter application only.  |
| Rubber vine<br>(Not infected with rust)  | When flowering                           | NT and Qld only<br>(helicopter only)         | 3L to 5L   | Use rates will depend upon the density and height of the rubber vine stand. The higher rates should be used on dense stands, however, complete coverage and penetration may be difficult.<br><i>Follow up respraying will be required.</i><br>Any regrowth should be sprayed with a suitable basal bark herbicide.  |
| St John's wort   | Flowering to early seed set<br>(Nov-Jan) | NSW only                                     | 4L   | Helicopter application only.<br><i>Follow up spraying will be required in the following season.</i>   |

| AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS ON FLOOD PLAINS |  |                                      |          |                                   |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| WEEDS CONTROLLED                            | WEED GROWTH CONTROLLED                         | STATE                                | RATE/ ha | CRITICAL COMMENTS                 |
| Parkinsonia                                 | Seedlings,<br>1-2m tall or 12-24<br>months old | Qld and NT only<br>(helicopter only) | 3L       | Add Uptake Spraying Oil at 1L/ha. |

**Table C: Controlled Droplet Application (C.D.A.)****See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS – APPLICATION section for application method details.**

| AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, PASTURES AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY |                        |                         |                 |   |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|---|
| WEEDS CONTROLLED   | WEED GROWTH CONTROLLED | STATE                   | RATE/ ha        | CRITICAL COMMENTS   |
| Blackberry (In association with: Docks, Ragwort, St John's wort, Thistles)               | Summer to autumn       | All States<br>except NT | Apply undiluted | One application may give satisfactory control but subsequent regrowth and seedlings should be resprayed after hardening off. Where herbicides other than Group I Herbicides have been used, allow two seasons regrowth to occur before respraying with MACSPRED TRICHLORAM HERBICIDE. |

**Table D: Low Volume High Concentrate Application Techniques  
(Gas Powered Gun, Sprinkler Sprayer)**

See **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS – APPLICATION** section for application method details.

| AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, PASTURES AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY |                                    |                                    |                 |   |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| WEEDS CONTROLLED   | WEED GROWTH CONTROLLED             | STATE                              | RATE/ 10L water | CRITICAL COMMENTS   |
| Blackberry   | Late spring to autumn              | ACT, NSW, Qld, SA, Tas and WA only | 335mL           | Apply to actively growing bushes which are able to be sprayed on all sides. For larger bushes, the high volume application technique is recommended.  |
| Camphor laurel<br>Cockspur thorn<br>Crofton weed   | Less than 1.5m high                | ACT, NSW and Qld only              | 500mL           |   |
| <i>Eucalyptus</i> species  | Seedlings up to 2m tall            | All States                         | 335mL           |   |
| Mistflower   | Less than 1.5m high                | ACT, NSW and Qld only              | 500mL           | <p><b>Gas Powered Gun only:</b> Apply to actively growing bushes not more than 1.5 m tall that have not more than 5 stems from the crown.</p> <p><b>Gas Powered Gun only:</b> One application should provide control. Minor regrowth and seedlings may be retreated the following summer.</p> <p>Apply to actively growing bushes which are able to be sprayed on all sides. For larger bushes, the high volume application technique is recommended.</p> |
| Sweet briar  | 1.5m tall, full leaf to ripe fruit | NSW only                           |                 |   |
| St John's wort   | During flowering to early seed set | NSW, Tas and Vic only              |                 |   |
| Wild tobacco tree  | Less than 1.5m high                | ACT, NSW and Qld only              |                 |   |

**Table E: Boom Application**

See **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS – APPLICATION** section for application method details.

| AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, PASTURES AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY |                                       |                 |          |   |
|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------|----------|---|
| WEEDS CONTROLLED   | WEED GROWTH CONTROLLED                | STATE           | RATE/ ha | CRITICAL COMMENTS   |
| Galenia  | Fresh growth during spring to summer  | NSW only        | 5L       | Rough mine sites will require adequate spray equipment such as boomless nozzles for effective coverage.   |
| Sicklepod  | Up to flowering                       | NT and Qld only | 3L       | <b>DO NOT</b> apply to podding plants. Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100mL/100L of water.  |
| St John's wort   | Flowering to early seed set (Nov-Jan) | NSW only        | 2L to 4L | Use the higher rate on dense infestations and when longer residual control is required. <i>Follow up respraying will be required in the following season.</i> |



## 2 FALLOW SITUATIONS

**Table A: Boom Application**

See **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS – APPLICATION** section for application method details.

| FALLOW  |   |                     |  |  |
|---|---|---------------------|--|--|
| WEEDS CONTROLLED  | WEED GROWTH STAGE   | STATE               | RATE/ ha   | CRITICAL COMMENTS  |
| Blackberry nightshade –<br><b>Suppression only</b>                              | 10 to 25cm tall,<br>prior to flowering                            | NSW and Qld<br>only | 200mL to 400<br>mL + 1.2 L<br>GLYPHOSATE<br>450<br>HERBICIDE +<br>Adjuvant | <b>FOR USE BY GROUND EQUIPMENT ONLY.</b><br><br>Plants must be actively growing.<br><br>Use the lower rate on the smaller weeds, as specified in the weed growth stage (or up to 5 cm diameter for <i>Polymeria pusilla</i> ).<br><br>Refer to GLYPHOSATE 450 HERBICIDE label for use of adjuvant. |
| Camel melon<br>Prickly paddy melon<br>Cucumber melon<br>( <i>Cucumis melo</i> ) | From 2 leaf to<br>50cm diameter                                   |                     |  |  |
| Common sowthistle   | From 8 leaf to<br>flowering                                       |                     |  |  |
| Cow vine  | From 2 to 5 leaf<br>up to 15cm<br>diameter, prior to<br>flowering |                     |  |  |
| Lucerne (established)   | Active growth, 15<br>to 25cm high,<br>during spring               |                     |  |  |
| <i>Polymeria pusilla</i>  | 2 to 12 leaf up to<br>20cm diameter,<br>prior to flowering        |                     | 300mL to<br>500mL + 1.2L<br>GLYPHOSATE<br>450<br>HERBICIDE +<br>Adjuvant   | <b>DO NOT</b> plant susceptible crops for up to 9 months after application, as specified in General Instructions - Minimum Recropping Periods - Black Cracking Clay Soils, NSW & Qld.  |
|   |   |                     | 200mL to<br>400mL + 1.2L<br>GLYPHOSATE<br>450<br>HERBICIDE +<br>Adjuvant   | Dry conditions after application will increase the recropping interval.  |

**Table B: Blanket Wiper Application**

See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS – APPLICATION section for application method details.

| FALLOW                                       |                              |       |  |   |
|--|------------------------------|-------|--|---|
| WEEDS CONTROLLED                             | WEED GROWTH STAGE            | STATE | RATE   | CRITICAL COMMENTS   |
| Bitterbark<br>( <i>Alstonia constricta</i> ) | From summer to end of autumn | Qld   | 1:4 (1 part MACSPRED TRICHLORAM HERBICIDE to 4 parts water)<br><br>2% solution for spot spray (eg 100mL MACSPRED TRICHLORAM HERBICIDE in 5L water) | For use with blanket wipers only. For best results apply in autumn to tall (> 60cm) plants using two opposite directional passes (up and back). Follow up “missed” plants with a spot spray application. These will be obvious after 6 weeks.<br>Blanket wiper applications can be made in summer when plants are smaller but follow up spraying may be necessary. Do not disturb (cultivate) the treated patches for at least 3 months. Best long term control is achieved when patches are left undisturbed for as long as possible after treatment (at least 6 months).<br><b>Spot spraying “missed” plants:</b><br>Thoroughly wet all stems and leaves without producing any solution run-off. Avoid any spray reaching the soil surface. |

**NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.**

**IN TASMANIA FOR BLACKBERRY:** DO NOT treat bushes carrying mature or near mature fruit.

**FOR NATIVE VEGETATION:** Use of MACSPRED TRICHLORAM HERBICIDE on native vegetation must be done in accordance with STATE and/or LOCAL legislation.

**WITHHOLDING PERIOD:** NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

**GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

**MINIMUM RECROPPING PERIODS – Black Cracking Clay Soils, NNSW & QLD.**

**Table A: Boom Application**

| Plant-back periods for crops following the application of MACSPRED TRICHLORAM HERBICIDE for rates up to 600mL/ha. |        |     |     |     |
|---|--------|-----|-----|-----|
| RATE mL/HA  | 200    | 300 | 400 | 600 |
| CROP  | Months |     |     |     |
| Wheat   | 2      | 2   | 4   | 4   |
| Barley  | 2      | 2   | 4   | 4   |
| Canola  | 2      | 4   | 4   | 4   |
| Faba bean   | 4      | 4   | 6   | 6   |
| Chickpea  | 4      | 6   | 6   | 6   |
| Lucerne   | 6      | 9   | 9   | 9   |

These plant-back periods are based on a normal rainfall pattern. During drought conditions (or when rainfall is less than 100 mm for a period of 4 months or greater) the plant-back period may be significantly longer.

**Table B: Blanket Wiper Application**

| Plant-back periods for crops following blanket wiper application. |        |
|---|--------|
| CROP  | Months |
| Broadleaf Crops   | 18     |
| Lucerne   | 6      |

This will allow any potential soil residues to dissipate, if any, and allow effective control.

**Note:** Before using MACSPRED TRICHLORAM HERBICIDE in tank mixes with other herbicides, check the plant-back information on all product labels. The most residual product, ie. the product with the longest plant-back period, will determine the time between spraying and planting.

**COMPATIBILITY**

Follow any regional restrictions, and all directions and restrictions on the label, of any chemical mixed with MACSPRED TRICHLORAM HERBICIDE (eg. 2,4-D amine).

MACSPRED TRICHLORAM HERBICIDE is compatible with the following herbicides:

2,4-D 625 Herbicide, MACSPRED METMAC 600 HERBICIDE, GLYPHOSATE 450 HERBICIDE, Fluroxypyr 200, Glyphosate 490.

MACSPRED TRICHLORAM HERBICIDE is compatible with the following adjuvants, as per Directions for Use:

Uptake, Pulse, non-ionic surfactant (1000g/L)

**MIXING****Mix only with water.**

Half fill the spray unit with water, and add the required amount of MACSPRED TRICHLORAM HERBICIDE. Add the remaining water with the agitator running. If required, then add spray oils or wetters (surfactants). Maintain mechanical or by-pass agitation in the spray tank during spraying. Only mix sufficient solution for immediate daily use and avoid storing.

**APPLICATION****1 WOOD WEED SITUATIONS**

**Weeds need to be actively growing for herbicides to have optimum effect. Delay treatment until all regrowth has had time to grow to approximately 1 metre in situations which have been bulldozed, slashed, burnt, ploughed or areas having a previous chemical treatment.**

**A High Volume Spraying**

- Thorough coverage of foliage to the point of run-off is essential, however, avoid excess spraying which is wasteful of chemical.

**Hand Gun**

- Apply the recommended mix to give full coverage of leaves and stems through a No. 6 to 8 tip at 700 to 1500 kPa (400 to 500 kPa for St John's wort).
- A spray volume of 3000 to 4000L per infested hectare of 1 to 2 metre high blackberry (30 to 40L/100m<sup>2</sup>) should be used.
- Use 2000L of spray mixture/ha of Galenia infestation (ie. 20L/100m<sup>2</sup> infested area).

**Knapsack**

- Apply the recommended spray mix to give full coverage of leaves and stems. The final volume of application should be similar to hand gun.
- A spray volume of 3 to 4L/10m<sup>2</sup> infested area should be used.
- A spray volume of 2L/10m<sup>2</sup> should be used for an area infested with Galenia.

**B Aerial Application**

- Apply in 200L of water/ha using an aircraft to apply 100L per pass on a double overlap pattern using nozzle configurations to produce droplets of 250 to 350 micron diameter.
- The potential for damage from drift can be greatly reduced by avoiding unsuitable spraying conditions and using spray pressure and nozzles to minimise the production of small droplets.
- **DO NOT** spray when wind exceeds 15km/hr and/or air temperature reaches 35°C.

**C Controlled Droplet Application (C.D.A.)**

- Results similar to high volume spraying can be obtained used Micron Herbi or similar equipment. Select a nozzle to give a flow rate of 2 mL/sec and sweeping action of approximately 1 m/sec to ensure a droplet density of 20/cm<sup>2</sup>. Use a marking agent, as recommended by the equipment manufacturers, to check spray coverage. Also, consult directions provided by C.D.A. unit.

**D Low Volume High Concentrate Application Techniques**

- Good control will be achieved, similar to high volume application, where bush size enables good coverage of entire bush. Use a marking agent, as recommended by the equipment manufacturers, to check spray coverage.
- **Gas Powered Gun:** Apply 50mL shots to obtain uniform coverage of 4 to 5m<sup>2</sup> of surface area of bush. This relates to 20 droplets/cm<sup>2</sup> of leaf surface.
- **Sprinkler Sprayer:** This technique involves using a micro sprinkler that is connected to a hollow fibreglass rod attached to a pneumatic knapsack sprayer. Use at low pressures (50 to 200 kPa) and apply with a slow sweeping action over the top of the plants ensuring even coverage on the leaves.

**E Boom Application**

- Application in a minimum spray volume of 200L/ha for Galenia and St John's wort and 600L of water/ha for Sicklepod. Flat fan nozzles are recommended, using pressure in the range of 200-300 kPa. Boom height must be set to ensure double overlap of nozzle patterns.

**2 FALLOW SITUATIONS****A Boom Application**

- Application of MACSPRED TRICHLORAM HERBICIDE in a minimum spray volume of 50L/ha is recommended. Flat fan nozzles are recommended, using pressure in the range of 200-300kPa. Boom height must be set to ensure double overlap of nozzle patterns.

**B Blanket Wiper Application**

- Blanket needs to be made from durable and wettable material with a rigid backing.
- Blanket should be rigidly mounted behind motorised vehicle (eg. tractor, 4-wheel drive vehicle) and set low but never touching the ground. The chemical solution should be fed to the blanket at a flow rate sufficient to keep the blanket wet but not dripping. In thick patches the blanket may require more frequent solution recharge (rewetting).
- Ideally, a scraper bar should be mounted in front of the blanket in order to scrape or damage the bark (but not sever the stems) prior to the blanket wiping the stems. This scraper may be mounted at the front of the vehicle.
- Two passes (in opposite direction) with the blanket increases the contact with the plant. Ground speeds of 10-15 kph are ideal for blanket wiping application.

**CLEANING SPRAY EQUIPMENT****Rinsing**

- After using MACSPRED TRICHLORAM HERBICIDE, empty spray unit completely and drain the whole system. Thoroughly wash inside the unit using a pressure hose. Drain the spray unit, and clean any filters in the tank, pump, lines, hoses and nozzles.
- After cleaning the spray unit as above, quarter fill with clean water and circulate through the pump, lines, hoses and nozzles. Drain and repeat the rinsing procedure twice.

**Decontamination**

- Before spraying cotton and other sensitive crops with equipment that has been used to apply MACSPRED TRICHLORAM HERBICIDE, see PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS section.
- Wash the tank and rinse the system as above. Then quarter fill the tank and add an alkali detergent (eg. liquid SURF, OMO, OMOMATIC, DRIVE at 500mL/100L of water or the powder equivalent at 500g/100L of water) and circulate throughout the system for at least 15 minutes.
- Drain the whole system. Remove filters and nozzles and clean them separately. Finally flush the system with clean water and allow to drain.

**Rinse water should be discharged onto a designated disposal area or, if this is unavailable, onto unused land away from desirable plants and watercourses.**

**RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING**

| GROUP | I | HERBICIDE |
|-------|---|-----------|
|-------|---|-----------|

MACSPRED TRICHLORAM HERBICIDE is a member of the pyridines group of herbicides. The product has the disrupters of plant cell growth mode of action. For weed resistance management, the product is a Group I Herbicide.

Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to the product and other disrupters of plant cell growth herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by the product or other Group I herbicides.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Macspred Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of the product to control resistant weeds. Strategies to minimise the risk of herbicide resistance are available. Contact your farm chemical supplier, consultant, local Department of Agriculture, or local Macspred Pty Ltd representative.

**PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS**

Crops susceptible to MACSPRED TRICHLORAM HERBICIDE include, but are not limited to: peas, lupins, lucerne, navy beans, peanuts, soybeans and other legumes, cotton, flowers, fruit, hops, ornamentals, shade trees and *Pinus* spp., potatoes, safflower, sugar beet, sunflowers, tobacco, tomatoes, vegetables and vines.

MACSPRED TRICHLORAM HERBICIDE is damaging to susceptible crops during both growing and dormant periods. Grasses are normally unaffected and establish quickly after treatment.

Picloram, one of the active constituents in this product, can remain in the soil for extended periods depending on soil type and application rate, rainfall, temperature, humidity, soil moisture and soil organic matter.

**DO NOT** apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands, pastures, waterways or native vegetation.

**DO NOT** allow physical spray drift onto waterways, native vegetation and susceptible crops.

**DO NOT** apply close to, or in areas, containing roots of desirable vegetation, where treated soil may be washed onto areas growing (or areas to be planted with) desirable plants.

**DO NOT** apply on sites where surface water from heavy rain can be expected to run off to areas containing, or to be planted with susceptible crops or plants.

**DO NOT** move soil, which may have been treated to areas where desirable plants are to be grown.

**PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK**

Poisonous plants may become more palatable after spraying and stock should be kept away from these plants until they have died down. Many plants remain poisonous after death, and stock should not be allowed access, as there is a likelihood that they may graze the dead material.

**PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT**

**DO NOT** contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with chemical or used containers.

**STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. **DO NOT** store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

**DO NOT** store near feedstuffs, fertilisers or seed.

Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.

If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

**SMALL SPILL MANAGEMENT**

Wear protective equipment (See SAFETY DIRECTIONS). Apply absorbent material such as earth, sand, clay granules or cat litter to the spill. Sweep up material for disposal when absorption is completed and contain in a refuse vessel for disposal. (See STORAGE AND DISPOSAL section). If necessary, wash the spill area with an alkali detergent and water and absorb as above, the wash liquid for disposal.

**SAFETY DIRECTIONS**

Harmful if swallowed. Will irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When preparing the spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrists, a washable hat, elbow-length chemical resistant gloves and face shield or goggles. If the product is in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

**FIRST AID**

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26.

**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

For further information, refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS), which is available from the supplier.

**NOTICE TO BUYER**

To the extent permitted by law all conditions and warranties and statutory or other rights of action which buyer or any other user may have against Macspred or Seller is hereby excluded. Macspred hereby gives notice to buyer and other users that it will not accept responsibility for any indirect or consequential loss arising from reliance on product information or advice provided by Macspred or on its behalf unless it is established that such information or advice was provided negligently and that the product has been used strictly as directed. Macspred's liability shall in all circumstances be limited to replacement of the product or a refund of the purchase price paid therefore.